



WHITEHORSE
GOLD CORP.

TSXV: WHG

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022

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WHITEHORSE GOLD CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

DATE OF REPORT: August 17, 2022

This MD&A for Whitehorse Gold Corp. and its subsidiary (collectively, "Whitehorse Gold" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes contained therein. In addition, the Company reports its financial position, financial performance and cash flow in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Company's significant accounting policies are set out in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a Canadian mining company engaged in exploring and developing mining properties, including its Skukum Gold Project (formerly referred to as Tagish Lake Gold Project) located in the Yukon Territory, Canada (the "Project"). Whitehorse Gold was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on November 27, 2019, for the purpose of carrying out a spin-out by way of plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement") with New Pacific Metals Corp. ("New Pacific"), which was completed on November 18, 2020.

The head office, registered address and records office of the Company are located at 1066 Hastings Street, Suite 1750, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6E 3X1. The Company's common shares (each, a "Share" or a "Common Share") commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") under the symbol "WHG" on November 25, 2020. On March 16, 2022, the Company's Common Shares started trading on the OTCQX Market under the symbol "WHGDF".

2. PROJECT OVERVIEW

On February 12, 2020, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with New Pacific, pursuant to which New Pacific transferred to the Company all the issued and outstanding shares (the "WGY Shares") in the authorized share structure of Whitehorse Gold (Yukon) Corp formerly named as Tagish Lake Gold Corp., "WGY") in consideration for the issuance of (1) an aggregate of 20,000,000 fully-paid and non-assessable Common Shares; and (2) a demand promissory note in the principal sum of \$3,000,000 to New Pacific (the "Share Exchange Promissory Note"). As a result, WGY is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Project, covering an area of 170.3 square kilometres ("km²"), is located approximately 55 km south of Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Canada. The Project consists of 1,051 mining claims hosting three identified gold and gold-silver mineral deposits: Skukum Creek, Goddell and Mount Skukum. The Project is 100% owned by WGY.

The Company completed the 2021 drill program with 16,554 meters of diamond drilling in 44 holes on the Project, undertaken with three drill rigs, that were focused on the Project's three deposits. The program was comprised primarily of step out and infill holes, as well as exploration/technical holes. Additionally, a property-wide airborne geophysics survey (magnetics, radiometrics and VLF) was flown at 100-m line spacing over the 170.3-km² property, and extensive surface mapping and sampling programs were undertaken to test areas of interest and certain of the extensive occurrences on the Project.

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The Company has received all the assay results for the 44 drill holes and is updating the Project's resource estimation.

Project Expenditures

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, total expenditures of \$220,356 and \$957,325 (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$1,282,550 and \$1,547,692) were capitalized under the Project.

The continuity schedule of mineral property interest is summarized as follows:

Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	22,186,694
<u>Capitalized exploration expenditures</u>		
Geology study		36,578
Geophysics & surveying		6,626
Drilling & assaying		323,346
Camp service		263,169
Environmental monitoring		72,291
Project management and support		64,535
Permitting & claims		190,780
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	23,144,019

3. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

Net loss attributable to the equity holders for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$485,027, or \$0.01 per share, compared to \$576,018, or \$0.01 per share in the same prior year period.

Net loss attributable to the equity holders for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$893,705, or \$0.02 per share, compared to \$1,098,470, or \$0.02 per share.

Overall the Company's financial results were primarily impacted by slight decrease in operating expenses as discussed below.

Salaries and benefits expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$146,403 and \$282,106 respectively, compared to \$272,097 and \$536,604 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The decrease in salaries and benefits expenses compared to prior period was mainly due to executive team restructuring in this period.

Investor relations expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$26,963 and \$77,147, compared to \$64,215 and \$132,292 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The decrease in investor relations expenses was a result of a decrease in advertising and marketing activities in the same prior year period after initial listing.

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Project investigation and evaluation expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$3,136 and \$86,745 respectively. The Company started to evaluate potential projects since this year. The expenses consist of preliminary project prospecting expenses such as travelling, due diligence, and assaying.

Filing and continuous listing fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$18,906 and \$67,770, respectively, which was comparable to three and six months ended June 30, 2021 of \$25,979 and \$66,066, respectively.

Office and administration expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$72,670 and \$134,592, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$40,883 and \$66,690, respectively). The increase in these expenses was mainly related to an increase in rent expenses.

Professional fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$75,101 and \$86,950, respectively, (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$17,374 and \$48,753, respectively). The increase was mainly related to quarterly financial statement review service after filing base shelf prospects in November 2021.

Share-based compensation for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$128,675, which was comparable to the three months ended June 30, 2021. Share-based compensation expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$128,961, compared to \$233,623 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was mainly due to negative expense resulted from option forfeiture of terminated/resigned officers, directors, and employees recorded in the quarter of March 31, 2022.

Loss on early termination of lease for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$19,601. The Company early terminated some idled vehicle lease agreements and returned the vehicles to the vendor and incurred a one-time loss.

Selected Quarterly Financial Statements

The following tables set out selected quarterly results for the past eight quarters:

	For the quarters ended			
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021
Net loss attributable to the equity holders	\$ 485,027	\$ 408,678	\$ 423,780	\$ 652,065
Operating expenses	477,294	397,856	781,957	646,112
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Total assets	27,283,317	27,900,255	28,327,823	30,821,078
Total liabilities	361,192	846,521	925,478	3,028,063

	For the quarters ended			
	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020
Net (loss) income attributable to the equity holders	\$ 576,018	\$ 522,452	\$ 558,424	\$ 81,713
Operating expenses	572,356	520,289	519,976	28,172
Basic and diluted (loss) income per share	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00
Total assets	29,889,471	14,736,693	15,092,463	15,407,134
Total liabilities	1,622,520	291,274	241,158	6,851,403

The expenses incurred by the Company are typical of junior exploration companies that have not yet established mineral reserves. The Company's fluctuations in expenditures from quarter to quarter were mainly related to exploration activities and corporate activities conducted during the respective quarter.

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4. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2022, the Company had a working capital position of \$2,678,780, which the Company defines as current assets less current liabilities. Current liabilities that are to be settled in cash as at June 30, 2022 was \$361,192, which have primarily been incurred in connection with the Project and general corporate purposes. The Company's working capital is sufficient for the Company to meet its immediate liquidity requirements.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company incurred a loss of \$485,027, and \$893,705 respectively, and used cash of \$286,726 and \$717,968, respectively, in operating activities. Operating losses in relation to exploration activities are expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

The Company does not have unlimited resources and its future capital requirements will depend on many factors. To the extent that its existing resources and the funds generated by future income are insufficient to fund the Company's operations, the Company may need to raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financing. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, the percentage ownership of current shareholders will be reduced and such equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of the holders of the Company's shares. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available or that, if available, it can be obtained on terms favourable to the Company and its shareholders. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay, limit or eliminate some or all of its proposed operations. The Company believes it has sufficient capital to meet its cash needs for the next 12 months, including the costs of compliance with continuing reporting requirements.

In addition, the current COVID-19 pandemic has caused significant disruption to global economic conditions, which may adversely impact the Company's results.

Cash Flows

Cash used in operating activities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$286,726 and 717,968, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$440,644 and \$898,880). Cash flows used in operating activities were mainly used for the payment of the Company's operating expenses as outlined above.

Cash used in investing activities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$593,165 and \$1,735,193, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$770,192 and \$1,143,432). Cash flows used in investing activities were mainly used for capital expenditures on the Project.

Cash provided by financing activities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$203,993 and \$284,894, respectively (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$14,593,335 and 14,593,335, respectively), which was primarily generated from option exercise. Last year same period's cash was mainly generated from the 2021 Private Placement (defined below).

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Use of Proceeds of Prior Financings

On May 14, 2021, the Company closed a brokered and non-brokered private placement offering of units and flow-through units to raise aggregate gross proceeds of \$15,264,590 (the "2021 Private Placement"). Each unit consisted of one Common Share and one Common Share purchase warrant and each flow-through unit consisted of one flow-through Common Share and one Common Share purchase warrant. The cash provided from the 2021 Private Placement netted with the private placement costs totalled \$14,564,459. For additional information on the 2021 Private Placement, please see the Company's news releases dated April 28, May 6 and May 17, 2021.

On November 17, 2020, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 22,656,698 Common Shares for gross proceeds of \$6,797,010 (the "2020 Private Placement").

The following table provides a comparison of disclosure previously made by the Company regarding its intended use of proceeds raised in the 2021 Private Placement as described in the above-mentioned news releases, and use of proceeds raised in the 2020 Private Placement as described in the Company's TSXV Form 2B - *Listing Application* ("Listing Application") dated November 18, 2020 against the Company's actual use of such proceeds up to June 30, 2022. All amounts listed below exclude non-cash expenses. The amounts presented in the table below are approximate.

Use of Proceeds	Intended Use Amount	Actual Use of the funds till		(Over)/under Intended expenditure
		June 30, 2022		
2020 Private Placement (Per Listing Application)	Repayment of the Promissory Notes and payables due to New Pacific	\$ 3,690,000	\$ 3,695,056	\$ (5,056)
	Professional service for the Company's initial public offering	130,000	173,495	(43,495)
	Phase I Work Program	680,000	724,492	(44,492)
	Commencement of Phase II Work Program	1,084,000	1,203,083	(119,083)
	Corporate use and working capital	1,213,010	1,000,884	212,126
	6,797,010	6,797,010	-	
2021 Private Placement	Continued exploration of the Project and for general corporate and working capital purposes	14,564,459	11,538,062	3,026,397
Total	\$ 21,361,469	\$ 18,335,072	\$ 3,026,397	

5. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet financial arrangements.

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6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are made on terms agreed upon by the related parties. The balances with related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand. Related party transactions not disclosed elsewhere in the MD&A are as follows:

	Note	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Payables due to Silvercorp Metals Inc.	i	\$ 15,598	\$ 24,475

- i) Silvercorp Metals Inc. ("Silvercorp") owns approximately 28.9% interest in the Company, on a non-diluted basis. Silvercorp and the Company share office space and Silvercorp provides various general and administrative services to the Company. Expenses in services rendered and incurred by Silvercorp on behalf of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was \$46,852 and \$108,245 (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$68,130 and \$124,023).

The remuneration of directors and key management personnel are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Directors' fees	\$ -	\$ 28,000	\$ -	\$ 52,000
Directors' share-based compensation	48,064	37,617	47,911	57,889
Key management's salaries and benefits	70,406	243,018	180,316	482,053
Key management's share-based compensation	56,627	105,738	11,924	177,536
	\$ 175,097	\$ 414,373	\$ 240,151	\$ 769,478

7. PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed acquisitions or disposals of assets or business, other than those in the ordinary course of business, approved by the Board as at the date of this MD&A.

8. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements is in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. These critical accounting estimates represent management's estimates that are uncertain and any changes in these estimates could materially impact the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Management continuously reviews its estimates and assumptions using the most current information available. The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates are described in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

9. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION

None.

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company manages its exposure to financial risks, including liquidity risk and credit risk in accordance with its risk management framework. The Company's Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework and reviews the Company's policies on an ongoing basis.

(a) Fair Value

The Company classifies its fair value measurements within a fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements as defined in IFRS 13 – *Fair Value Measurement* ("IFRS 13").

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

The Company does not have any financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortised cost approximate their carrying amount as at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 due to their short-term nature.

(b) Liquidity Risk

The Company has no operating revenues. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its short-term business requirements. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had working capital of \$2,678,780. The Company's ability to continue operations in the normal course of business is dependent on the Company's ability to secure additional financing.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that give rise to commitments for future minimum payments. The following summarizes the remaining contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities:

	June 30, 2022	
	Due within a year	Total
Trade and other payables	\$ 311,196	\$ 311,196
Accrued liabilities	37,224	37,224
Lease obligations	12,772	12,772
	\$ 361,192	\$ 361,192

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(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk is primarily associated with cash, receivables, and deposits and prepayments. The carrying amount of financial assets included on the consolidated statement of financial position represents the maximum credit exposure.

The Company has deposits of cash that meet minimum requirements for quality and liquidity as stipulated by the Board. Management believes the risk of loss to be remote, as the majority of its cash are held with major financial institutions. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had a loan receivable balance of \$325,372 (December 31, 2021 - \$nil), which was pledged with shares in the borrower's wholly-owned subsidiary which holds the title of the various gold properties in Guinea.

11. OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at the date of this MD&A, the following securities were outstanding:

(a) Share Capital

- Authorized – unlimited number of common shares without par value.
- Issued and outstanding – 53,749,923 common shares with a recorded value of \$21.4 million.

(b) Options

The outstanding options as at the date of this MD&A are summarized as follows:

Options Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date
530,000	0.32	November 18, 2030
1,640,000	0.50	April 6, 2027
500,000	0.60	November 28, 2026
250,000	1.38	May 5, 2031
2,920,000	0.56	

(c) Warrants

The outstanding Common Share purchase warrants as at the date of this MD&A are summarized as follows:

Warrants Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date
6,287,300	2.00	May 14, 2026
3,646,025	2.10	May 14, 2026
292,249	2.00	May 14, 2023
10,225,574	2.04	

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Security Escrow Agreement

On November 18, 2020, the Company entered into a TSXV Form 5D *Value Security Escrow Agreement* (the "Escrow Agreement") with Computershare Investor Services Inc. and certain insiders of the Company, pursuant to which 6,507,333 common shares of the Company and 2,725,000 stock options were deposited into a 36-month escrow. As at the date of this MD&A, there are a total of 2,928,300 common shares and 168,750 options left in escrow under the Escrow Agreement.

12. RISK FACTORS

There are numerous risks involved with mining and exploration companies and the Company is subject to these risks in addition to risks which are outlined in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 24, 2022 under the heading "Item 4.2 – Risk Factors" as well as the Company's other public disclosure filings. In addition, please refer to the "Financial Instruments" section of this MD&A for an analysis of financial risk factors. The Company's major risks (in no particular order) and the strategy for managing these risks are as follows:

Exploration and Development

Long-term operation of the Company's business and its profitability are dependent, in part, on the cost and success of its exploration and future development programs. Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and historically few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration and future development programs will result in any discoveries, expansions of mineral resources or the definition of mineral reserves. There is also no assurance that, even if commercially viable quantities of mineral resources or mineral reserves are discovered, a mineral property will be brought into commercial production. Development of the Company's mineral properties will only commence if the Company obtains satisfactory exploration results. Discovery of mineral deposits is dependent upon a number of factors, including the technical skill of the exploration geoscientists involved. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is also dependent upon a number of factors including: the particular attributes of the deposit such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure; metal prices; and government regulations including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection. Most of the above factors are beyond the control of the Company. Unsuccessful exploration or development programs could have a material adverse impact on the Company's operations and profitability.

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In addition, the Company's mineral projects are subject to a number of risks that may make it less successful than anticipated, including: (a) delays or higher than expected costs in implementing recommendations contained in the Technical Report or other technical reports that may be prepared for the Company's mineral projects; (b) negative technical results and/or technical results that fail to deliver the required returns to render the ongoing development of the Skukum Gold Project economic; (c) delays in receiving environmental permits and/or social license from indigenous groups; (d) delays in receiving construction and operating permits; (e) delays or higher than expected costs in obtaining the necessary equipment or services to build and operate the Skukum Gold Project and the Company's other mineral projects; and (f) adverse mining conditions may delay and hamper the ability of the Company to produce the expected quantities of minerals.

Moreover, the Company's operations are subject to a number of risks and hazards including, without limitation:

- industrial accidents;
- failure of processing and mining equipment;
- labour disputes;
- supply problems and delays;
- encountering unusual or unexpected geologic formations or other geological or grade problems;
- encountering unanticipated ground or water conditions;
- cave-ins, pit wall failures, flooding, rock bursts and fire;
- periodic interruptions due to inclement or hazardous weather conditions;
- uncertainties relating to the interpretation of drill results;
- inherent uncertainty of cost estimates and the potential for unexpected costs and expenses;
- results of future preliminary economic assessments, pre-feasibility and feasibility studies, and the possibility that future exploration, development or mining results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations; and
- the potential for delays in exploration or the completion of future feasibility studies.

Such risks, individually or in combination, could result in negative impacts including: damage to, or destruction of, mineral properties or processing facilities; personal injury or death; loss of key employees; environmental damage; delays in mining; monetary losses; and possible legal liabilities. Satisfying such liabilities may be very costly and could have a materially adverse effect on future cash flow, results of operations and financial condition.

Government Permits and Licenses

The Company's operations are subject to government approvals, licences and permits. No guarantee can be given that the necessary government exploration and mining permits and licenses will be issued to the Company or, if they are issued, that they will be renewed in an appropriate or timely manner, or that the Company will be in a position to comply with all conditions that are imposed. The granting and enforcement of the terms of such approvals, licences and permits are, as a practical matter, subject to the discretion of the applicable governments or governmental officials. To the extent such approvals, licenses or permits are required and not obtained, the Company may be curtailed or prohibited from continuing or proceeding with exploration or development of mineral properties.

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First Nation Claims and Consultation

First Nation interests and rights as well as related consultation issues may impact the Company's ability to pursue exploration, development and mining at its properties. The Company intends to communicate and consult with First Nations communities in order to manage its relationship with those groups but there is no assurance that claims or other assertions of rights by First Nation communities or consultation issues will not arise on or with respect to the Company's properties or activities. Such claims and issues could result in significant costs and delays or materially restrict the Company's activities.

Calculation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves

There is a high degree of uncertainty attributable to the calculation of mineral resources, mineral reserves and corresponding grades. Until any future estimated mineral reserves are actually mined and processed, the quantity of future mineral resources, mineral reserves, and corresponding grades, if any, as disclosed at the Company's mineral property must be considered as estimates only. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Company will ever be able to delineate any mineral resources or mineral reserves at any of its currently owned projects.

Fluctuating Commodity Prices

The Company's future revenues, if any, are expected to be derived in large part from the mining and sale of metals. Historically, the prices of those commodities has fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years, being affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control including: international economic and political trends; expectations of inflation; currency exchange fluctuations; interest rates; supply and demand; sales by government holders; global or regional consumptive patterns; speculative activities; availability and costs of metal substitutes; and increased production due to new mine developments and improved mining and production methods. The price of base and precious metals will have a significant influence on the market price of the Company's shares and the value of its property. The effect of these factors on the price of base and precious metals, and therefore the viability of the Company's exploration projects, cannot be accurately predicted. If precious and base metal prices were to decline significantly, or for an extended period of time, the Company may be unable to continue its current exploration activities or fulfil obligations under its permits or licenses.

Key Human Resources

The Company depends on the services of a number of key skilled experts, including its current board and executive officers, the loss of any one of whom could have an adverse effect on the Company's operations. The Company's ability to manage growth effectively will require it to continue to implement and improve management systems, and to recruit and train new employees. The Company cannot assure that it will be successful in attracting and re-training skilled and experienced specialists.

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Governmental Regulation

The Company's mineral exploration and development activities are subject to various laws governing prospecting, mining, development, production, taxes, labour standards and occupational health, mine safety, toxic substances, land use, water use and other matters. No assurance can be given that new rules and regulations will not be enacted or that existing rules and regulations will not be applied in a manner which could limit or curtail exploration, development or production. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or in the exploration or development of mineral properties may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may have fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Environmental Risks

The Company's exploration and development activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations governing environmental protection, including laws related to reclamation bonds. Environmental laws and regulations are complex and have tended to become more stringent over time. Failure to comply with applicable environmental health and safety laws may result in injunctions, damages, suspension or revocation of permits, and imposition of penalties. There can be no assurance that the Company has been, or will be, at all times in complete compliance with current and future environmental and health and safety laws and that compliance with environmental permits and regulations will not materially adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

No History of Operations, Earnings or Dividends

Following completion of the Arrangement, the Company became an independent public company. The operating history of New Pacific cannot be regarded as the operating history of the Company. The ability of the Company to raise capital, satisfy its obligations and provide a return to its shareholders will be dependent on future its performance. It will not be able to rely on the capital resources and cash flows of New Pacific. The Company has not yet commenced operations and therefore has no history of earnings or of a return on investment, and there is no assurance that its assets will generate earnings, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future. The likelihood of success of the Company must also be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the establishment of any business. The Company's proposed business strategies incorporate its management's best analysis of potential markets, opportunities and difficulties that it may face. No assurance can be given that the underlying assumptions will be achieved. The Company has never paid a dividend and, while it currently intends to seek to pay dividends in the future, has no current plans to pay dividends. The future dividend policy of the Company will be determined by the Board.

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Additional Financing

If the Company's exploration programs are successful in establishing mineral resources and subsequently commercially viable mineral reserves, additional funds will be required for the development of such a deposit and to place it in commercial production. One potential source of future funds is through the sale of equity capital. There is no assurance that this source will continue to be available, in required amounts or at all. If it is available, future equity financings may result in substantial dilution to shareholders. Another alternative for the financing of further exploration would be the offering by the Company of an interest in the property to be earned by another party or parties carrying out further exploration or development thereof. There can be no assurance the Company will be able to conclude any such agreements, on favourable terms or at all.

COVID-19

The current outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and operations, as well as impacting global economic conditions. Government efforts to control the spread of the virus have resulted in, among others, travel restrictions to Yukon Territory, Canada and reduced economic activity in Canada. The international response to the spread of COVID-19 has led to significant restrictions on travel, temporary business closures, quarantines, global stock and financial market volatilities, labour shortage and delay in logistics, and a general reduction in consumer activities. All of these could affect commodity prices, interest rates, credit risk, social security and inflation. Such public health crises at the moment or in the future may negatively affect the Company's operations along with the operations of its suppliers, contractors, service providers and local communities.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has already had direct and indirect impacts on the Company's operations and business, the extent to which the pandemic will continue to impact our operations are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence as at the date of this MD&A. These uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the duration of the outbreak, Canadian governments' mandates to curtail the spreading of the virus, community and social stabilities and the Company's ability to resume operations efficiently or economically. It is also uncertain whether the Company will be able to maintain an adequate financial condition and have sufficient capital, or have the ability to raise capital. Any of these uncertainties, and others, could have further material adverse effect on the Company's business and operations.

The Company may experience additional business interruptions, including suspended (whether government mandated or otherwise) or reduced operations relating to COVID-19 and other such events could have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, operations and operating results, financial condition and liquidity.

Title to Property

While the Company has investigated title to all of its mineral claims and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its property is in good standing, the Company's mineral property may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers and title may be affected by such undetected defects. There may be valid challenges to the title of the Company's property which, if successful, could impair exploration, development and/or operations. The Company cannot give any assurance that title to its property will not be challenged. None of the Company's mineral property has been surveyed, and the precise location and extent thereof may be in doubt.

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Recent and Current Market Conditions

Over recent years worldwide securities markets, including those in the United States and Canada, have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility. Accordingly, the market price of securities of many mining companies, particularly those considered exploration or development-stage companies, have experienced unprecedented shifts and/or volatility in price which have not necessarily been related to the underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. As a consequence, market forces may render it difficult or impossible for the Company to secure investors to participate in new share issues at an attractive price for the Company, or at all. Therefore, there can be no assurance that significant fluctuations will not materially adversely impact on the Company's ability to raise equity funding.

Competition

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all phases of its activities, and such competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire suitable resource properties in the future.

Feasibility and Engineering Reports

The Company carries out exploration operations at the Project in accordance with its applicable exploration permits. The Company has not yet completed, and may not complete, a preliminary economic assessment, preliminary feasibility or feasibility study or report which would permit the Company to consider advancing a project to the development stage.

Insurance

The Company's exploration activities are subject to the risks normally inherent in the industry: these risks include, but are not limited to, environmental hazards; flooding; periodic or seasonal hazardous climate or weather conditions; or unexpected rock formations. The Company may become subject to liability which it cannot insure, or against which it may elect not to insure, due to high premium costs or other reasons. Where considered practical to do so the Company maintains insurance against risks in the operation of its business in amounts which the Company believes to be reasonable. Such insurance, however, contains exclusions and limitations on coverage. The Company cannot provide any assurance that such insurance will continue to be available, will be available at economically acceptable premiums or will be adequate to cover any resulting liability. In some cases, coverage is not available or considered too expensive relative to the perceived risk.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest may arise as a result of the directors, officers and promoters of the Company also holding positions as directors and/or officers of other companies. Some of those persons who are directors and officers of the Company have and will continue to be engaged in the identification and evaluation of assets and businesses and companies on their own behalf and on behalf of other companies; accordingly, situations may arise where the directors and officers may be in direct competition with the Company. Conflicts, if any, will be subject to the procedures and remedies under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia).

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QUALIFIED PERSONS

The technical information contained in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Alex Zhang, P. Geo., who is a Qualified Person for the purposes of National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure of Mineral Projects.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements and forward-looking information (collectively, "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable Canadian and U.S. securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this MD&A, including, without limitation, statements regarding future plans with respect to the Project; anticipated exploration, drilling, development and construction activities of the Company; timing of receipt of permits and regulatory approvals; estimates of the Company's revenues and capital expenditures; and other future plans, objectives or expectations of the Company are forward-looking statements. Estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources are also forward-looking statements because they incorporate estimates of future developments including future mineral prices, costs and expenses and the amount of minerals that will be encountered if a property is developed. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "expects", "is expected", "anticipates", "believes", "plans", "projects", "estimates", "assumes", "intends", "strategies", "targets", "goals", "forecasts", "objectives", "budgets", "schedules", "potential" or variations thereof or stating that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily based on the opinions, assumptions, factors and estimates considered reasonable at the date the statements are made that, while considered reasonable, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. The opinions, assumptions, factors and estimates include, but are not limited to: that market fundamentals will result in sustained precious metals demand and prices; the accuracy and reliability of estimates, projections, forecasts, studies and assessments; that there are no significant disruptions affecting operations, including labour disruptions, supply disruptions, power disruptions, security disruptions, damage to or loss of equipment, whether due to flooding, political changes, title issues, intervention by local landowners, environmental concerns, pandemics (including COVID-19) or otherwise; the assumptions underlying mineral resource estimates and the realization of such estimates; that the Company will be able to complete the required upgrading and retrofitting of the Project infrastructure to be fit for the Company's planned mining activities; the Company's ability to meet or achieve estimates, projections and forecasts; the availability and cost of inputs; the price and market for outputs; foreign exchange rates; taxation levels; the timely receipt of necessary approvals, licences and permits; the ability to meet current and future obligations; the ability to obtain timely financing on reasonable terms when required; the current and future social, economic and political conditions; and other assumptions and factors generally associated with the mining industry

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such risks and other factors include, among others: social and economic impacts of COVID-19; actual exploration results; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; results of future exploration activities and resource estimates; future metal prices; availability of capital and financing on acceptable terms; general economic, market or business conditions; commodity prices; uninsured risks; regulatory changes;

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defects in title; availability of personnel, materials and equipment on a timely basis; accidents or equipment breakdowns; delays in receiving government approvals; unanticipated environmental impacts on operations and costs to remedy same; and other exploration risks or other risks detailed herein and from time to time in the filings made by the Company with securities regulators.

There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate and accordingly readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements in this MD&A or incorporated by reference herein, except as otherwise required by law. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this MD&A.

Additional information relating to the Company can be obtained under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, and on the Company's website at www.whitehorsegold.ca.